AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended) A control system for detecting nozzle wear in an industrial shower header including one or more a plurality of liquid spray nozzles, for orienting liquid at a predetermined pressure and droplet size comprising:

means for determining a calculated flow rate for the plurality of liquid spray nozzles at a given operating pressure;

<u>a flow sensor disposed to monitor means for continuously monitoring</u> an actual flow rate of liquid through the <u>shower nozzle</u> header;

a pressure sensor disposed to monitor an actual operating pressure of liquid applied to the shower header; and

a controller connected to the flow sensor and pressure sensor for receiving signals therefrom, the controller being configured to determine a calculated flow rate for the actual operating pressure,

compare means for comparing the <u>calculated</u> desired flow rate with the actual flow rate and <u>create</u> ereating a feedback signal when <u>a difference between the calculated flow rate</u> and the actual flow rate exceeds a threshold, is exceeded; and

<u>provide</u> means for providing the feedback signal to the spray system to adjust an operating condition thereof.

- 2. (Original) The system of claim 1 wherein the feedback signal is operative to initiate a cleaning cycle or alarm warning.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1 wherein the <u>controller</u> means for <u>determining</u> includes a look-up table with entries for liquid flow rate at various discrete operating pressures of the nozzles.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 3 wherein the <u>controller is</u>
 <u>configured means for determining includes means</u> for interpolating between the discrete
 operating pressures <u>in the look-up table</u> for <u>determining the calculated flow rate for the actual providing an</u> operating pressure for the nozzles.

5. (Currently Amended) A method for monitoring the performance of a spray header having one or more spray nozzles nozzle in an industrial spraying system, including the steps of control system for controlling the pressure of liquid applied to a nozzle comprising:

measuring an actual operating pressure of liquid applied to the spray header;

determining a calculated flow rate for the actual operating pressure calculating a

liquid flow rate value for a nozzle header at a desired pressure to derive a calculated liquid flow rate value;

measuring an actual flow rate of liquid applied at the <u>spray</u> desired pressure through the nozzle header to derive an actual flow rate value;

comparing the actual flow rate value with the calculated flow rate value;

determining whether <u>a difference between</u> the actual flow <u>rate and the calculated flow</u> <u>rate exceeds a pre-selected threshold</u> <u>exceeds a percentage error deviation from the measured flow rate value</u>; and

providing an output signal <u>for adjusting an operating condition of the spraying system</u> when <u>the difference between the actual flow rate and the calculated flow rate exceeds the threshold</u> the <u>percentage error exceeds a certain value</u>.

6. (Currently Amended) A spray controller for providing a signal indicative of nozzle performance detection in an industrial shower header including one or more liquid spray nozzles, for orienting liquid spray at a certain operating pressure and droplet size comprising:

a first connection to a pressure sensor for receiving a signal indicating an actual operating pressure of liquid applied to the shower header;

a second connection to a flow sensor for receiving a signal indicating an actual flow rate of liquid applied to the shower header;

a microprocessor programmed to determine

means for determining a calculated flow rate for the actual operating pressure for the one or more liquid spray nozzles at a given operating pressure;

means for continuously monitoring an actual flow rate of liquid through the nozzle header;

means for comparing compare the calculated desired flow rate with the actual flow rate and create ereating a feedback signal when a difference between the calculated flow rate and the actual flow rate exceeds a threshold is exceeded; and provide means for providing the feedback signal to the spray system to adjust an operating condition thereof.